



ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 8.

## The Presidential Election.

The result of the late elections demonstrates clearly, we think, that the triumph anticipated by the Democrats in 1876, is at least, rendered problematical. If the successes of last year had been followed up and supplemented by successes this fall, a brilliant triumph might have been achieved in November next, but the elections just had have in a great measure dispelled these anticipations, and, if victory is to be attained at all, it is to be by a hard fought battle. The Radicals have taken advantage of all the dissensions in the ranks of the opposition; have eschewed all causes of disaffection among themselves; have rallied from their last year's defeat with a rapidity and strength which shows that they were only "scotched," and are now, though still acting on the defensive, ready to give battle from their strongly entrenched position.

While we do not think there is actual cause for discrepancy, yet the Democrats have every incentive to put forth their utmost exertions to secure victory, and to do this the campaign will have to be conducted with great care and under the best leadership. All side issues must be avoided, and the party brought into complete harmony and unity, with a platform sufficiently general to assert unequivocally all the great principles that have been trampled upon by the Administration.

The great mistake made in the contest just ended was the lugging in of the currency and other issues not pertinent, and which could easily have been avoided. For nearly fourteen years, as says the Washington Capital, "the money power has had entire control of the government and shaped legislation to suit its interests. This power took stock in Grant to such an extent that when the crash came, and it succumbed to the financial storm, it carried with it the Administration. It was not dead, however, and the last thought of the Democracy should have been to arouse that power to a final but desperate struggle. Trade was paralyzed and labor out of employ. All honest men, sick of Republican corruption, looked about eagerly for some other organization with which to co-operate. The Democracy had only to denounce corruption, promise reform and nominate their best men to insure an easy triumph. Drunk, however, with the first draughts of power, they began quarreling among themselves over an abstract financial problem which neither understood," and the victory which was within their grasp, was turned almost into a rout. Let us take warning and learn wisdom by such dearly bought experience; let all bickering and dissensions be put a stop to; let the ranks be closed; the inefficient be sent to the rear and the best men put forward; let us not be actuated by the simple desire to acquire control, but remember that the destinies of the Republic are at stake, and that each succeeding wave of Radicalism is surely encroaching upon the few remaining rights of the States and the people, and that it is to repel this centralization of power that the Democrats and Conservatives are called upon to put forth their utmost exertions.

We believe, as frequently expressed, that Gen. Grant will be the nominee of the Radical party for re-election—all the indications pointing that way,—and notwithstanding the protestations now made by the leaders of that party and the fight that may be made against him prior to the nomination, when he has been chosen as the candidate, each and all of them will flock to his standard, and backed by the money power of the East, in whose interest he is so deeply involved, and with an almost innumerable host of office holders as his warm supporters, and ready to do his will; with a power to "inflation" the currency in order to oil the machinery that runs the election; notwithstanding the "dead weight" of the "third term," the "exaggerations of the occasion" will be made the excuse for yielding to that, and thoroughly organized, with the money and power of the government at his command, it will be found that to defeat him, and the Radical party, will be no easy task.

Unless the people of the country, unmindful of the teaching of their fathers, and willing to sacrifice their rights as freemen, and yield obedience to a dictator, desire to be degraded from their high position, they will have to seriously consider this subject, and putting aside the issues that have heretofore divided them, concentrate their strength to rescue the government from the hands of those who would subvert it, and while empowering and enriching themselves, make the people poor indeed.

We fully agree with the Richmond Whig that repudiation is an ugly, odious, ill-favored word, and is always suggestive of repugnant reflections to every man in whose heart there is love for the land in which he lives, or respect for the government whose good faith is involved. Repudiation not only savors of revolution, but of revolution that reaches the very bottom of all social organization and breaks up the basis on which every structure of civilization stands. It bursts at once all bonds of confidence between established governments, crushes out that moral responsibility which is the indispensable cement of society, tears away the tenderest ligaments linking man with man in the world's great workshop of all industries, and brings barbarism back with its right of might to supersede the laws of justice and the principles of truth. The Conservative party of Virginia is opposed to all thought of a repudiation of Virginia's debt.

The independents in Richmond are investigating the manner in which the election was conducted at the second precinct in Jefferson Ward.

The recent Radical successes in several States was celebrated at Washington, Saturday evening, by the Radicals in that city with a salute of a hundred guns, the ringing of the Metropolitan Church chimed, and a procession, which marched to the music of the Marineband. The President was serenaded, and in response said:

FELLOW CITIZENS:—I thank you heartily for the compliment that you have tendered in calling upon and serenading me this evening. The victories you have assembled to celebrate are certainly good cause for rejoicing, even though the minorities in the different States where elections were held are not so large as they might have been. They have proven conclusively that the "rag baby" has been effectively killed, and that, too, by the Republican party, which has arrayed itself in favor of honest money. The victories also give assurance that the people have not lost confidence in the Republican party, and that the government of the country will be entrusted to it for four years longer. Again thanking you for the honor you have paid in calling on me, and joining with you in your rejoicing, I bid you good evening.

Then cheers were given for the President, and a particular round for "the President's school policy." Secretary Robeson and ex-Governor Shepherd were also serenaded.

The Rockingham Register very deservedly compliments ex-Gov. Letcher, who has just been elected to the House of Delegates from Rockbridge county. It says: "Of all the politicians who have figured in the State for the last thirty years, John Letcher more than any other is entitled to the appellation of a statesman, and more than any other has been a place in the hearts of the people. Thoroughly conversant with every political fact of the country, retentive of all he has ever seen or read, with the acutest perception of what is true and what is false, an intellect whose vigor no wear or tear can impair, and a courage which no reverses can daunt, John Letcher can again, if he so wills it, be what he was in 1860—the most prominent and useful man in the State." Mr. Letcher is prominently spoken of in connection with the U. S. Senatorship.

The official election returns from all the counties of Maryland have been received, except from Caroline and Calvert, which will not, however, alter the following figures materially: Mr. Carroll received outside of the city of Baltimore 48,071 votes and Mr. Harris 50,080, leaving the majority for Mr. Carroll 13,076. Mr. Woolford received 49,030 and Col. Wilkins 49,065, leaving Mr. Woolford's majority 15,135. Mr. Gwinn received 49,210 votes and Mr. Wallis 49,840, leaving Mr. Gwinn's majority 13,628. The Senate will stand 27 Democratic Conservatives to 7 Republicans, and the House 57 Democratic Conservatives to 27 Republicans. The Constitutional amendment has been adopted by a large majority.

Notwithstanding the New York Times very boldly announced the other day that "no one need fear that the Republican successes will revive the 'third term' project," that idea was "as dead as Julius Cæsar," and that it never should have supported such a scheme under any circumstances, and nothing whatever would lead it to do so now, yet, when the time comes and the Radicals nominate Grant, as we verily believe they will—he having gotten the party into that position that it is Grant or nullus—the Times will succumb to the "necessity" as quietly and readily as the humblest, and will be as blatant in its advocacy as it is now bold in its denunciation.

Alfred Morton, "chairman State (Radical) Committee," telegraphed to Washington the other day, from Richmond, that "all the returns indicate a dissolution of the so-called conservative party and a sure victory in Virginia in 1876 for our candidate." Which, we suppose, is about as near correct as could have been expected from the chairman of the Radical Committee, under the circumstances. From present indications Virginia is about as far from becoming Radical as the Sun is from the Earth, and we begin to think, with the Norfolk Virginian, that there is good hope of electing a Conservative in every district in the State next year.

A meeting of the Sagasta party was held yesterday in Madrid, at which the names of two hundred and twelve ex-Senators and Deputies were read as adhering to the objects of the meeting. Marshal Serrano was expected to preside, but was prevented by military regulations, as were thirty-seven other Generals. Sagasta, in his speech, said the Constitutionalists wished to be the most liberal party under the Government of King Alfonso, and desired to maintain the principles of 1869.

The members of the Franco-American Union in Paris gave a grand banquet at the Hotel du Louvre on Saturday night, at which two hundred and fifty guests were present, among whom were Ministers Washburne and Schenck, Gen. Sikes, Col. Forney and many other prominent American and French citizens. Toasts were proposed to President Grant, President MacMahon, and to the eternal friendship of France and America. Speeches were delivered by Minister Washburne, Col. Forney, and others.

The publication of the recent dispatches in reference to the correspondence between the United States and Spain on the Cuban question having given rise to apprehensions in some quarters that measures of a hostile character were meditated, it is officially stated that there is no foundation for uneasiness on that head, as the matter is merely one of diplomacy.

The prosecution of the Whiskey Ring in St. Louis and Chicago is progressing, and the Government is refusing to listen to any offer of compromise coming from the criminals. There has been no confirmation of the report that Orville Grant and General Babcock were among those indicted by the St. Louis Grand Jury.

Secretary Bristow has issued a circular for the guidance of customs officials, covering an opinion by Attorney General Pierpont, to the effect that under the law of April 18, 1874, canal boats trading on the navigable waters of the United States are not required to be documented.

The Directors of the National Gold Bank and Trust Company of San Francisco have resolved to close up the business of the institution, and the stock holders and depositors will be paid in full. It is expected that liquidation can be effected in sixty days.

The Norfolk Congressional district formerly represented by the notorious radical, Platt, and now by Hon. John Goode, Jr., has gone conservative in the late election by a large majority, thus showing the district to be completely redeemed from radical rule.

It has been decided to hold the dedicatory ceremonies in connection with the unveiling of the statue erected, in Baltimore, to the memory of Poe on the 17th inst. The remains have been removed to the new grave at the foot of Westminster Churchyard.

The annual report of the Second Auditor of the Treasury states that the frauds committed in the Freedman's Bank, involves perjury, unlawful withholding of moneys by attorneys, erroneous settlements, over payments, etc.

Mr. Tyson has qualified as permanent receiver of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad company and given bond for \$200,000—\$100,000 in Virginia, and \$100,000 in West Virginia.

Since the resignation of Treasurer Spinner, his successor it is stated has found items amounting to \$765,966, which are really deficits.

## EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Bessemer Steel Works at Baldwin, Pa., do a business of about \$4,000,000 per annum.

"Dead letters" yield \$4,000 per annum to the Postoffice Department as waste paper.

Last year 1,746 wives and 4,492 children of British soldiers were compelled to petition the State for bread.

Many of the New York hotels on the European plan have adopted the foreign fashion of decorating the restaurant profusely with flowers.

A tombstone has been discovered in a Vermont town, wherein is inscribed a long epitaph, closing thus: "Statue about 6 ft., wt. 200. Death had no terrors."

A Paris correspondent of the London Daily News says that the French Prince Imperial is in bad health. His eyes are failing, and there are symptoms of the constitutional infirmity from which he suffered seven years ago breaking out again.

Mr. Moody complains that the Christians so crowd his meetings that but little room is left for the sinners. We used to hear an old lady say that the women would crowd the men out of Heaven, just as they did out of church, but we hope all will get there.

Brussels has offered a prize of \$200 to whoever will build the finest house on the Boulevard, already a splendid avenue, both in its natural features and the character of its buildings. Suppose our City Council try the experiment here, say on Washington street.

A Western man visiting his brother, in Danbury, espied a gun on the kitchen wall. "Is that gun loaded?" he asked. "Oh! no, it is empty," replied the brother. "Empty? For God's sake load it as quick as you can, or the children will get hold of it and shoot each other." He had read the papers.

A French correspondent, in a letter from London, says that he was run over by a hansom while attempting to cross Victoria street, and with great difficulty managed to scramble on to the pavement, when the driver disdainfully called out: "What are you doing under my cab?" and drove away evidently out of temper.

The proprietor of the Grand Hotel de Rome Berlin, one of the largest and finest in Germany, was formerly a servant in the establishment. While he was oberkellner, or head-waiter, one of the guests, a rich widow, fell in love with him, and of course they were married. He bought out his master forthwith, went to fight the French, was brave, decorated by the Emperor, and came home covered with medals and importance.

## VIRGINIA ELECTION.

## The Vote in Fairfax.

FAIRFAX, C. H., Nov. 6.—The canvassers did not complete their work and announce the official result of the election until to-day, in consequence of the non-arrival of the Accotink precinct poll, which was sent by mail instead of a commissioner, as provided by law. The following is the aggregate vote cast for each candidate:

FOR SENATE.  
Chas. E. Sinclair.....916 J. H. Gray.....816  
H. O. Claughton.....806 Lewis McKenzie.....791

FOR HOUSE OF DELEGATES.  
N. W. Pierson.....889 R. H. Cockrell.....853  
Average majority of Conservative Senators, 205; Sinclair over Gray, 100; Pierson over Cockrell, 36.

A brief comparison of the vote now cast with the vote of 1875, shows the Conservatives who failed to vote how easy it was to have elected their candidate.

Kemper's vote in 1875.....1,201  
Cockrell's vote in 1875.....853

Who failed to vote.....348  
Hughes' vote in 1875.....993  
Pearson's vote in 1875.....889

Loss.....104

Precincts.	1873	1875	Conservative loss	Radical loss
Centreville.....	128	48	28	25
Clifton.....	38	63	53	14
Bayliss.....	12	8	27	3
Arundell's.....	123	41	60	31
Pullman's.....	69	57	28	10
Deavers' (new p't)				
Accotink.....	43	133	24	45
West End.....	118	82	61	52
Falls Church.....	44	123	78	14
Anandale.....	32	25	39	15
Langley.....	107	112	91	9
Vienna.....	87	112	68	9
Fairfax C. House.....	91	72	70	24
Springdale.....	37	33	57	8
Thompson's.....	51	41	45	2
Thornton's.....	49	83	39	12
	1117	1065	853	294

Cockrell's majority over Gray, 82; Pierson's majority over Cockrell, 36; Cockrell's gain at Deaver's, 27; Cockrell's loss compared with his vote in 1873, 207; Pearson's gain at Pullman's, 14; Pearson's gains at Thornton's, 37; Pearson's loss compared with Gray's vote of 1873, 146.

Priest, Independent Republican, beats Rogers, Conservative, in King George, 23 votes. Capt. John Murphy, Republican, is elected by 16 majority over Wm. M. Walker, Conservative, in Westmoreland.  
Walter Ratnes, R. publican, defeats Robert Hall, Conservative, in Richmond county.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

"To show the very age and body of the Times."

Seven missionaries sailed from New York on Saturday for India and South Africa.

The Serapis, with the Prince of Wales and suite, arrived at Bombay, yesterday.

During the past week there were 110 deaths in Baltimore.

Sir George Brown, Governor General of Victoria, left Toronto, on Saturday, for Washington.

It is said the London Times is to be sued for libel for its strictures on the Co-operative Credit Bank of that city.

Rev. Dr. Fulton, of the Hanson Place Baptist Church, Brooklyn, has withdrawn his resignation, tendered last week.

It is said that the 1st brigade, New York National Guard, will escort the German crown prince to the centennial exposition.

Charles J. Connor, a prominent citizen of Concord, N. H., has been arrested charged with setting fire to his store.

In Woonsocket, R. I., on Saturday night last, vandals entered Oak Hill Cemetery and threw down and broke about eighty marble monuments, headstones, &c.

A heavy shock of earthquake was reported in San Benito county, California, Sunday morning, preceded by a harsh, rumbling noise. The vibration was from east to west.

The Belgian Chambers will convene to-morrow. The Government will submit a measure to increase the representation in the Senate and the Lower House in proportion to the increase of the population.

St. John's Episcopal Church, at Waverly, Baltimore county, has been enlarged and handsomely improved, and was reopened, yesterday, with interesting services, the opening sermon being preached by Bishop Whittingham.

Internal Revenue Commissioner Pratt has nearly completed his report. The revenue collections since July 1st have been \$117,000,000, and it is estimated that the receipts of the year will be \$195,000,000.

The motion to vacate the alimony order in the case of Brigham Young is still pending in the Third District Court, at Salt Lake City. Meantime Brigham remains in duress at his own house. His health is said to improve under the imprisonment.

Le Nord, of Brussels, publishes a telegram from Ragusa to the effect that secret meetings of the Mussulmen of Herzegovina are being held in the mosques, and preparations are being made for a general massacre of the Christians. This report, however, is officially denied at Constantinople.

The report that the Northwestern Railway Company had purchased the Rockford, Rock Island and St. Louis Railroad from Mr. H. Osterberg is contradicted by that gentleman, who says that he is determined to run the road in the interest of the German bondholders, whom he represents, and for whom the road was purchased.

A large party of Cheyennes and Arapahoes are reported to be in the neighborhood of Fort Fetterman, ostensibly for the purpose of hunting. An enormous prairie fire has been raging since the 13th ult. in the neighborhood of the foot hills on the North Platte. Twenty seven unauthorized miners have been brought into Fort Laramie from the Black Hills.

The Montreal police have been armed with breech-loading rifles, to be used, if necessary, at the Guibord funeral. Another pastoral from Bishop Bourget was read in the Catholic churches of Montreal, yesterday, affirming the sacredness of a consecrated cemetery, and stating that the Guibord lot would be forever cursed. The Bishop counsels forbearance, and warned the Catholics not to attend the funeral.

## Enaquer County Items.

The Town Council have had half a dozen oil lamps erected the past week, and ordered several more.—Warrenton Index.

W. B. G. Shumate, agent of the railroad at Warrenton Junction, had his leg broken last Saturday by his horse falling on him. He is getting along comfortably, and expects to be out soon.

Col. John S. Mosby has removed his law office to Washington city. His family will remain in Warrenton. Notwithstanding this removal he will continue to practice law in the courts of Fauquier and adjoining counties.

The St. Louis Life Insurance Company have, before the expiration of the period for payment of the policy of the late John H. Rixey, amounting to \$10,000, expired, paid the money over to his administrator.

Dr. B. Shumate, who represented Fauquier in the last Virginia Assembly, is afflicted with a tumor in his side that promises to shorten his life. Surgeons, after consultation, are of opinion that it cannot be removed without fatal effect.

"Young Laneford," a handsome thoroughbred stallion, the property of James M. Rixey, esq., has fallen a victim to the prevailing horse disease—epizootic. He was bred by the late Com. R. F. Stockton, of New Jersey, and was 27 years old at the time of his death.

A negro boy, about 16 years old, living with Blucher Hudnell, set fire to three straw stacks belonging to said Hudnell on the 3d inst. and they were entirely consumed. Loss about fifty dollars. The boy assigned no motive for the act, and has fled arrest.

The old Warrenton House lot, with such outbuildings as escaped the fire, has been sold by Mr. B. M. Campbell to John T. Bronaugh for \$1500 cash. It is the intention of the purchaser to sell the front for building sites and reserve the stables and back portion of the lot for his own use.

Col. Lewis Porter casually informs us that his ewes have lambed twice the present year—the first time in January and the second time in September—and adds that all the lambs grew off beautifully and were esteemed the finest of the year. He says these sheep have paid him 100 per cent. on his investment every year except one, when he lost 46 by dogs. This year his profit will reach 200 per cent. When his flock was preyed on by dogs he killed ten, and has not since been troubled by them.

MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE.—The Washington Chronicle says:

A white woman named Margaret Kastle, of the canal boat F. Ensminger, lying near the distillery, has been missing from that boat since Saturday last. Her sons were in the rowing house playing cards, when a sudden storm arose, when the men came on deck, the missing woman was nowhere to be seen, although she was on the boat a few minutes before. It was at first supposed that she had blown overboard and drowned, but subsequent draggings of the canal failed to recover her. As she left the boat surreptitiously once before, it is quite likely that she took "French leave" again. In order to use every means to gain a clue to the whereabouts of Mrs. Kastle, the water was drawn off the level of the canal Saturday night, and the bottom thoroughly searched yesterday by the Georgetown police under Sergeant Rodgers, but nothing whatever was found to give a clue to her whereabouts. It is supposed that she is, if alive, wandering about the woods in Virginia.

PACIFIC RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.—Gov. Kumper has appointed delegates to attend the Convention, to be held at St. Louis on the 23d of the present month, to consider the subject of the construction of a Pacific railroad through the States and territories of the Southwest, who are charged to take such action in its favor as may seem suitable. The delegates are also empowered to represent Virginia at the convention to be held at Memphis, November 19th, 1875, relative to the Texas Pacific railroad. Their names are Thomas S. Flournoy, Danville; Marshall Parks and Walter H. Taylor, of Norfolk; Richard G. Pegram, Petersburg; J. D. Imboden, Robert Stiles, W. P. Burwell, Charles Ellis, H. C. Cabell, Franklin Stearns, Richmond; Thos. S. Bueck, Lynchburg; Wm. Watts, Ruckoke; Wyndham Robertson, Abingdon; John Letcher, Lexington; E. Pendleton, Winchester; John L. Mayre, Fredericksburg; James G. Field, Culpeper; E. W. Hubbard, Buckingham.

FLOGGED FOR STEALING WHEAT.—Three colored men named Isaac Pinkney, Andrew Page and one named Nelson, detected stealing wheat from Mr. Wm. H. Cassidy, Jr., on Thursday night the 28th ultimo, were arrested and carried before Justice D. H. Vandeventer. After hearing the case, he sentenced them to have twenty lashes each. The sentence was carried into effect Friday morning, by constable Turner M. Daniel.—Leesburg Washingtonian.

COUNTERFEIT MONEY.—It will be safe to refuse all bills of the denomination of five dollars purporting to be issued by the following National Banks: First National Bank, Chicago; Traders' National Bank, Chicago; First National Bank, Paxton, Ill.; First National Bank, Canton, Ill.; First National Bank, Aurora, Ill.

The Liberta, of Rome, states that Prince Bismarck intends to visit Rome next year to thank the King of Italy and his ministers for their many proofs of friendship to him.

## MARRIED.

In Fauquier county, on the 4th inst., by Rev. John L. Carroll, Mr. S. M. WITHERS and Miss ALICE N. CARTER, daughter of Wm. H. Carter, esq.

## DIED.

In Warrenton, on the 3d inst., JOHN ALBERT, son of George A. and Matilda Huxtable, aged 13 months and 27 days.

In Baltimore, on Sunday morning, at ten o'clock, A. E. SELLMAN, wife of J. J. M. Sellman, aged 52 years.

In Bloomfield, Loudoun county, on Thursday, the 14th day of October, 1875, Mrs. MARY J., wife of John H. Adams, in the 55th year of her age.

GROCERY BINS FOR SALE.  
A good second hand set of BINS for a grocery store will be sold cheap. Apply at this office. nov 8-31

DRY GOODS! DRY GOODS!  
Third trip North this season.  
Monday, Nov. 8, 1875.

FALL STOCK AT POPULAR PRICES.  
We receive and open to-day a great many choice styles of goods, and offer them at such prices as cannot fail to please.  
Country Merchants will find it to their interest to take advantage of our own prices.

Large line of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods now on sale, viz: Blankets, Flannels, Counterpanes, Comforts, Cloaks, Shawls, Dress Goods in great variety, Brown and Bleached Domestic, very low, new style Calicoes, very handsome, Table Damask, Towels, Crash, Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c., &c., together with a great many other goods, making our stock very full and complete. D. F. BRASHEAR, H. B. HOOMES, No. 109 King street, Alexandria, Va. nov 8

NOTIONS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c., &c.  
We call special attention to our full stock of Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Skirts, Fanery, &c. Ladies' Vesting, Belts, Lace Morning Vests, Suspender, Umbrellas, Overskirts, &c., all at popular prices. D. F. BRASHEAR, H. B. HOOMES, No. 109 King street, Alexandria, Va. nov 8

RECEIVED THIS DAY a fresh supply of Currants, Raisins, Apple Butter and Mince. nov 8 JOHNSON & SHERWOOD.

THE BEST TEN CENT SUGAR for sale at JOHNSON & SHERWOOD'S, N. E. cor. Cameron and Royal sts. nov 8 Alexandria, Va.

AUGUST FLOWER.  
GREEN'S GREAT DYSPEPTIC PANACEA Cures Dyspepsia in all its forms, such as diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Constipation, Biliousness, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Waterbrash, Sick Headache, and all the terrible diseases caused by Dyspepsia. Just received and for sale by WARFIELD & HALL, sept

CANTON MATTINGS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.  
I am just in receipt of another lot of those superior Canton Mattings, the best article in the market this season. Also several sheets of White Ground Tiled Oil Cloth for halls, handsome Step Brussels Carpets, with the hall to match, small Brussels, Rugs, &c. J. M. STEWART, sept

STARCH—30 boxes Duryea's, Kindford's and Enkenbrech's Starch, just received by J. C. & E. MILBURN, oct 4

NEW BUCKWHEAT FLOUR received this day by J. C. & E. MILBURN, oct 4

SEAL AND OTHER COLORS IN CACH-MERKE received this day by D. F. WITMER CO. oct 21

NEW NO. 1 MACKEREL, prime, received to-day by J. C. & E. MILBURN. sept 14

LUCCA OIL, SALAD DRESSING, and Worcester's Sauce, by GEO. MCBURNEY & SON, oct 25

10 BBL'S KEROSENE, 110 degrees, just received by J. C. & E. MILBURN. nov

FLOUR—250 bbls Ocoquan high grade Extra Flour for sale by WASHINGTON & BRO. aug 13

DEW DROP and Double Grape HOLLAND GIN, a genuine article, for sale by GEO. MCBURNEY & SON, oct 18

SOZODONT, for cleansing and beautifying the teeth and preserving the gums. For sale by nov 1 WARFIELD & HALL.

DRIED SUGAR CORN, a nice article, just received by J. C. & E. MILBURN, oct 25-1

RAISINS, Currants, Citron and Lemon Peel for sale by GEO. MCBURNEY & SON, oct 18

100 BUSHELS PRIME TIMOTHY for sale by THOS. PERRY, 17 King street. oct 18

DRIED CHERRIES and Peeled Peaches for sale by J. C. & E. MILBURN, oct 26

OLD MADEIRA and PALE SHERRY for sale by B. B. LAWSON & CO. nov 14

CAPE COD CRANBERRIES, very fine, for sale by GEO. MCBURNEY & SON, oct 25

ENGLISH PICKLES for sale by G. WM. RAMSAY, sept 11 Corner King and St. Asaph streets.

JUST RECEIVED English and Scotch Ales and Brown Stout. oct 31 GEO. MCBURNEY & SON.

COLD WATER SOAP for sale by G. WM. RAMSAY, sept 14 Corner King and St. Asaph streets.

FLOUR OIL CLOTHS, from 34 to 16-4 wide; cut in fit rooms or under cover. nov 22 D. F. WITMER CO.

BEST Mocha, Java, LaGuayra and Rio de Janeiro, in natural state or freshly roasted, for sale by J. C. & E. MILBURN, oct 31